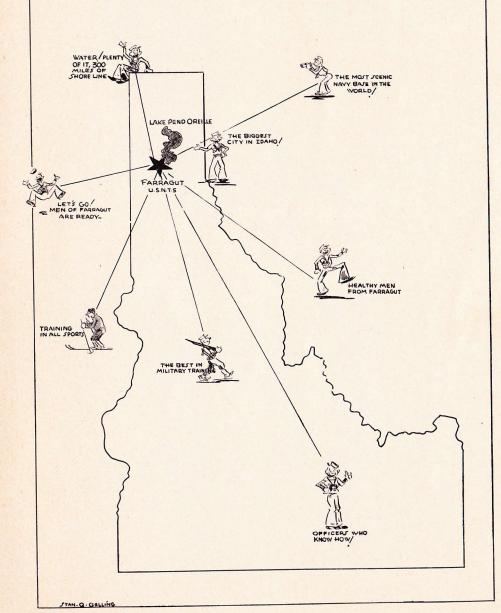


U.S.N.T.S

FARRAGUT, IDA.



GREETINGS FROM THE COMMANDANT

OF THE

U. S. NAVAL TRAINING STATION — FARRAGUT, IDAHO

This booklet is dedicated to the men of the Navy who have gone before and to you future Men-o'-War's Men.

THE U. S. NAVAL TRAINING STATION, FARRAGUT, IDAHO, GREETS YOU.

We are one of the newest, and the second largest Naval Training Station in the United States. It should be a source of great pride to you, individually and collectively, to be a member of Farragut's personnel.

WE ARE ENGAGED IN AN ALL-OUT WAR.

Today, the world is engaged in one of the greatest conflicts ever recorded in the pages of history. And, of necessity, the United States is building one of the greatest military organizations the world has ever known. Many generations of fighting men have built one of the most outstanding fighting groups of the present war

THE NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

We have three things to do immediately— First—CATCH UP to where we should have been; Second—HOLD what we have while preparing to advance; Third—ADVANCE and keep on advancing.

THE SUCCESSFUL AND EFFICIENT FUNCTIONING OF ANY ORGANIZATION, NO MATTER HOW LARGE OR SMALL, IS ENTIRELY DEPENDENT ON THE LOYALTY, INITIATIVE, AND INTELLIGENT COOPERATION OF EVERY PERSON IN IT.

Navy men—must be fighting men—with a fighting spirit. The foundations of the Navy are based on honor and integrity, discipline and obedience; and, while you are a Navy man, it is your duty to live up to the Navy's traditions by your every act.

NEVER FORGET—Every station, office, and activity ashore exists but to serve the NAVY afloat, under the seas, and in the air.

Yours is a great responsibility.

Captain, U. S. Navy, Commandant.

THE COMMANDANTS





PAST



HOME OF FARRAGUT NAVAL TRAINING STATION ON LAKE PEND OREILLE
IN THE MOUNTAINS OF IDAHO

THE FIRST ADMIRAL

OF THE



U.S. NAVY

ADMIRAL DAVID G. FARRAGUT

(1801 - 1870)

The name "Farragut" was chosen for this station by President Franklin D. Roosevelt, Commander-In-Chief of all U. S. Armed Forces. No greater tribute could be paid to the First Admiral No greater inspiration to the men who serve after him.

David Glascow Farragut started his career as a midshipman at the age of nine. He commanded a prize with ability when only twelve years old. In 1824 he was in command of the U.S.S. Ferret. He was Rear-Admiral in 1862, Vice-Admiral in 1864, and Admiral in 1866—the first full Admiral of the U.S. Navy—an office created for him by Congress.

Somewhat under middle height, of unusual strength, agile, athletic, and a skilled swordsman, he was easily approachable, yet in his bearing there was dignity without stiffness.

Early in 1862 Farragut was appointed to the Command of the West Gulf Blocading Squadron with orders to ".... proceed up the Mississippi River and reduce the defenses which guard the approach to New Orleans"

Before dawn on the morning of August 5, 1864, he issued his carefully planned orders to the Captains of the fleet of fourteen wooden ships, four iron clad monitors, and ten small gun boats. First in line was the heavily armed "Brooklyn," followed by the Admiral's "Hartford." One of the leading monitors, the "Tecumseh," in her anxiety to engage the enemy, crossed the mine field, struck a torpedo and sank within a few minutes. This was the great moment of Farragut's life. Without a moment's hesitation he swung his own ship clear of the hesitating "Brooklyn" and shouted, "DAMN THE TORPEDOES FULL SPEED AHEAD," and anchored triumphantly above the fort.

le Were Honored



When President Roosevelt made his secret nation-wide inspection tour of war activities early in the fall of 1942, one of his major stops was the U. S. Naval Training Station at Farragut, Idaho. Leaving his private car on September 21, 1942, the President traveled by auto throughout the areas of the Station, which was formally established just six days prior, and still under construction.

Shown with the President in the above picture, taken on the station during the inspection, are Captain I. C. Sowell (now Rear-Admiral), U.S.N. Commandant; Rear-Admiral Ross McIntyre, the President's private physician; and Governor Chase A. Clark, then Governor of Idaho.

THESE EN CUN THE TRAINING PROGRAM







CAMP WALDRON



LT.-COM. J. C. WALDRON, U.S.N.

Camp Waldron, the third camp to be commissioned, and the first on the right of Farragut Boulevard, honors the late Lieutenant-Commander John Charles Waldron, U.S.N., who was the Commander of the famous Torpedo Squadron 8. Lieutenant-Commander Waldron led his squadron of 30 men and 15 planes against the Jap fleet during the Battle of Midway, an action credited as establishing the turning point in this engagement. From their attack only one member of the squadron, Ensign Gay, and no planes, returned. For his heroism he was awarded, posthumously, the Distinguished Service Cross. The Camp was officially opened November 8, 1942.



CAMP WARD



JAMES RICHARD WARD, S 1/c, U.S.N.

During the attack on Pearl Harbor, December 7, 1941, when it became apparent that the U.S.S. Oklahoma was about to capsize, there came an order to abandon ship. One man, J. Richard Ward, Seaman First Class, calmly remained at his turret post, ignoring his own safety. He was holding a flashlight so that the rest of the men in his turret crew might see to escape. Ward died, saving his shipmates, and was later awarded, posthumously, the Congressional Medal of Honor.

In selecting the name Ward for the second area on the right of Farragut Boulevard, the Executive Officers of Farragut chose one whose deeds will always serve as a high standard towards which the "Boots" of Ward will never cease to strive.

The Camp was officially opened October 6, 1942.

CAMP BENNION



CAPTAIN M. S. BENNION, U.S.N.

The first camp to be commissioned, the third on the right of Farragut Boulevard, was named in honor of the late Captain M. S. Bennion, U.S.N., who was killed in action while in command of the battleship "West Virginia" during the sneak attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese. Captain Bennion, though mortally wounded, refused to leave his post and continued to direct the firing of the turnet guns from his prone position on the forward deck. His tenacity in refusing to be removed to a safer place no doubt infused his crew to do the utmost in their power to avenge the enemy. He was awarded the Congressional Medal of Hønor, posthumously.

The Camp was officially opened on September 15, 1942.

CAMP HILL

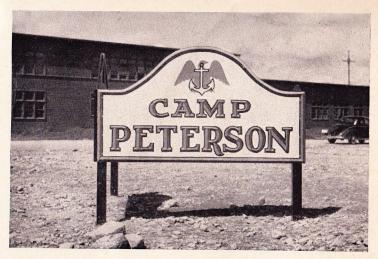


E. J. HILL, C.B.M., U.S.N.

Camp Hill, the fourth to be named, honors the late Chief Boatswain's Mate Edwin J. Hill, U.S.N., who was attached to the U.S.S. Nevada. In a hail of bomb splinters and machine gun fire, on the morning of December 7, he distinguished himself by casting the moorings from the vessel which permitted her to get under way and escape being sunk. Although mortally wounded he refused to leave his post. For this heroic deed he was posthumously awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

The Camp was officially opened December 2, 1942.

CAMP PETERSON



O. V. PETERSON, C.W., U.S.N.

The last of the six areas to be named, area 5 or Service Schools area as it was formerly known, was named Camp Peterson in honor of the late Oscar V. Peterson, Chief Watertender, U.S.N., who was killed in action on the U.S.S. Neosho in the battle of the Coral Sea and who was posthumously awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

Camp Peterson is the second area on the north side of Farragut Boulevard and is exclusively a service schools area. Specialized training in many branches of the Navy is given by well qualified Officers and Petty Officers as instructors.

Camp Peterson was officially opened as the Service School Area on March 25, 1943.

CAMP SCUTT



REAR-ADMIRAL N. SCOTT, U.S.N.

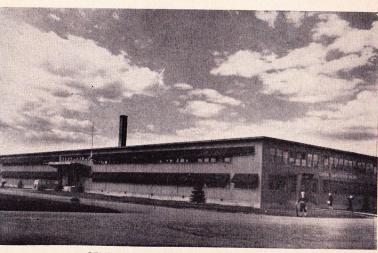
Camp Scott, the fifth camp to be named and the first camp on the left of Farragut Boulevard honors the late Rear-Admiral Norman Scott, U.S.N., who went down with his ship in the battle of Savo Island, November 13, 1942, in which a huge Japanese force was driven away from Guadalcanal island in the Solomons. For his meritorious action in this encounter he was posthumously awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

The Camp was officially opened December 19, 1942.





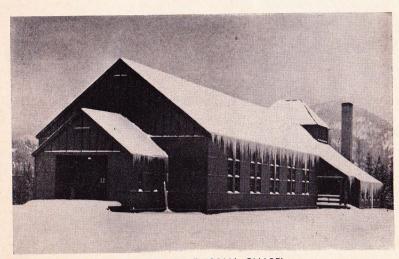
FLAG RAISING



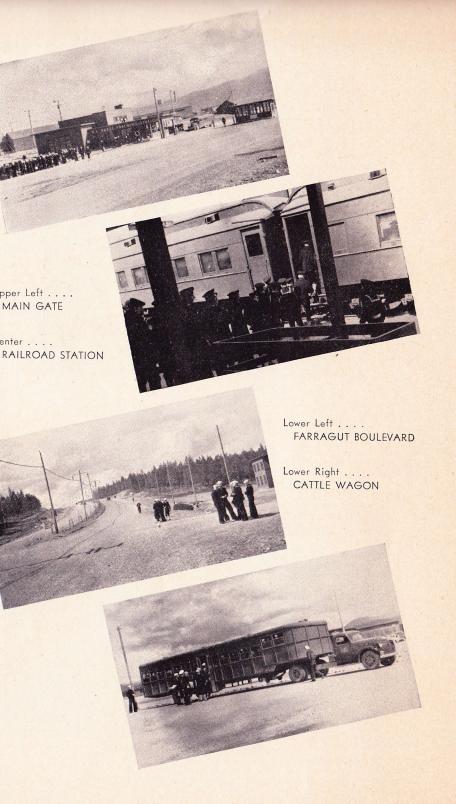
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION BUILDING



LEXINGTON MEMORIAL CHAPEL



HOUSTON MEMORIAL CHAPEL





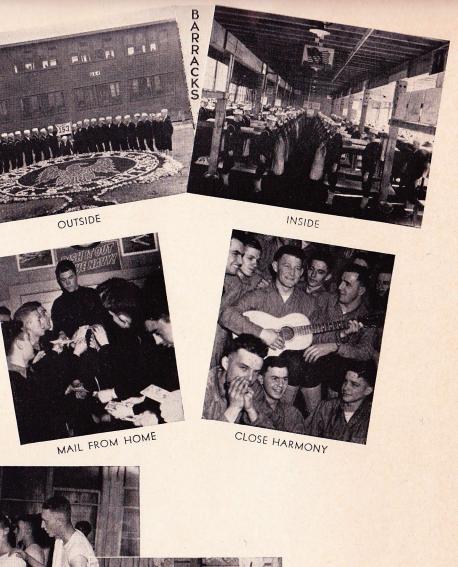
RECEIVING UNIT

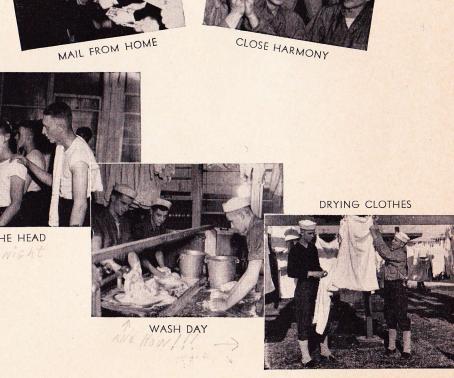






OUCH!

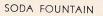




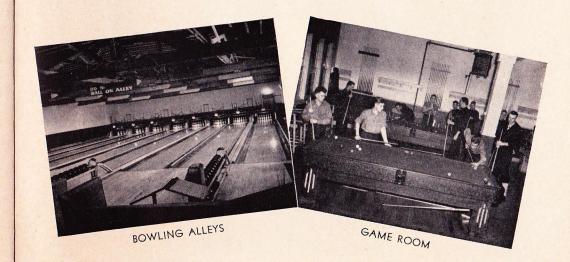


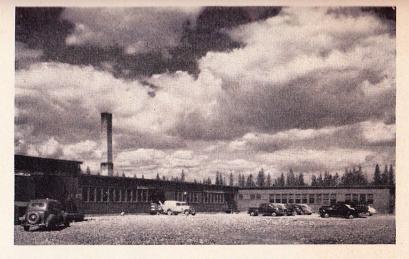
RECREATION BUILDING



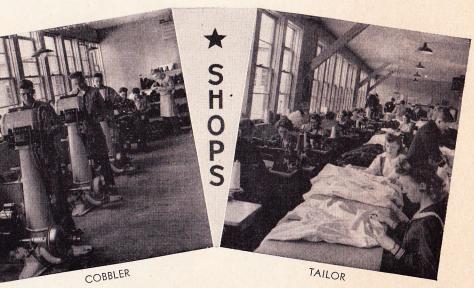








CENTRAL SHIP'S SERVICE





PHOTOGRAPHY



MESS HALL



EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY



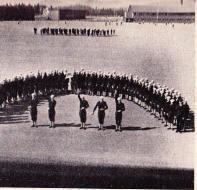
GOOD EATS



INTERIOR



GALLEY



HI - DAD



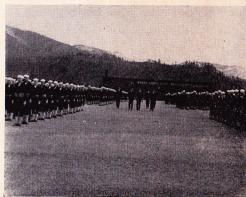
READY FOR INSPECTION



THE GRINDER



BAND



INSPECTION

COLOR GUARD



DRILL HALL







SWIMMING POOL



COMMANDO COURSE



BOAT DOCKS



"FORWARD



STROKE!



.... MARCH!"

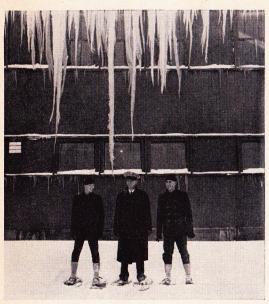


THREE HUNDRED POUNDS

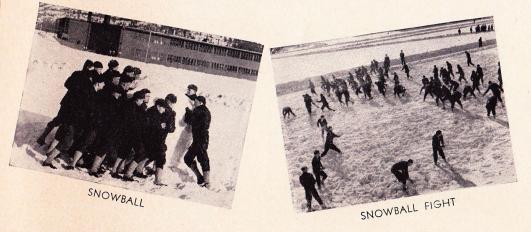


ON A HIKE





ICICLES





STRENGTH



SOME FUN



HEY, BOOT! - WEAR these
exy Alkthe Time sunday, church
etc. Till GRADUATION!





CAN YOU SWIM?



SQUARE YOUR HAT!







DISPENSARY



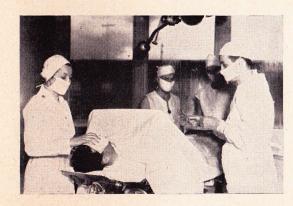
DENTIST

SICK BAY





U. S. NAVAL HOSPITAL



OPERATING ROOM



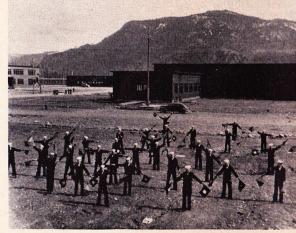
BEDS





OUTGOING UNIT

RADIO SCHOOL



SIGNALMAN SCHOOL



QUARTERMASTER SCHOOL



MAIN POST OFFICE



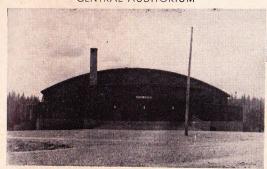
HOSTESS HOUSE



OUTDOOR RIFLE RANGE



CENTRAL AUDITORIUM





C. P. O. RECREATION







AUDIO-VISUAL

In this booklet there has been presented a pictorial and written background depicting "Life at Farragut," one of the newest and the second largest U. S. Naval Training Station.

Through the cooperation of the following departments—Public Relations, under the direction of Lieutenant (j.g.) Burdette C. Stampley, U.S.N.R.; Audio-Visual Education (Training), under the direction of Lieutenant (j.g.) E. J. Curtice, U.S.N.R.; and Ship's Service, under the direction of Lieutenant H. T. McMaster, U.S.N.R.—this publication has been made possible. The Public Relations Department furnished most of the pictures and edited the booklet for release to the press. The Audio-Visual Education Department did most of the layout work and supplied the cartoons. The Ship's Service Department financed the printing and made the distribution possible.

It is hoped that all hands on board at Farragut, and those to come, will find this publication to be an interesting memento of their stay here.



Soul Farald